## WORC

## Western Organization of Resource Councils

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WORC TRADE BILL OF RIGHTS
Adopted June 7, 2003

WORC has adopted the following Trade Bill of Rights to set forth a set of standards for implementing trade

agreements and negotiations that benefit farmers, ranchers and consumers of any country impacted by those

The Western Organization of Resource Councils (WORC) supports a trade system that strengthens the health, environment, food sovereignty, working conditions and labor rights of all countries. Vibrant national economies are essential to a healthy global community and for this reason we support trade laws, agreements and treaties that guarantee the following rights and principles:

## Body

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agreements.

**Preamble** 

Article III.

Article IV.

Article V.

Article VI.

Article VII.

Article VIII.

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Article IX.

48 49 Article X. 50

Article I. The right and ability of any nation and its political subdivisions to maintain and operate

policies and programs that protect the interests of public health, safety, welfare and

services.

Adherence to transparent competitive market principles and enactment of adequate anti-

trust/anti-dumping remedies in order to prevent and counteract instances of market

collusion, predatory practices, and declining market competition.

The inspection and testing of imported commodities and products to assure that they are

mined, grown and/or produced under standards that are consistent with all domestic laws

and regulations.

The importer and/or seller of any commodity, product, or service is liable for any

violation of domestic laws and regulations.

The jurisdiction and venue for legal challenges to, and violations of domestic laws and

regulations shall reside in the pertinent domestic court.

All imported products, services, and commodities shall be purchased in an open,

competitive and transparent market system.

All imported products have an identified fair market value that may be used as the basis

for a tax to maintain and build the national infrastructure.

The application of quotas and/or tariffs on any commodity or product of any country

when currency exchange rate differences put domestic producers at a competitive

disadvantage.

The laws, jurisdiction, or sovereignty of a country and its political subdivisions are not

undermined by trade treaties or agreements.

Trade treaties and agreements are negotiated and enacted through a transparent

democratic process.